

CHECKLIST

Place a check mark beside each type of emission unit or activity that is located at the facility. Where noted, please indicate the number of that type of emission unit or activity located at the facility. Applicants are not required to fill out an MPTN Form-3 for emission units or activities identified in the checklist below. However, potential emissions from emission units or activities identified in this checklist should be identified in Form MPTN-5, if possible.

#	ίχ'	No. Units	Emission Unit or Activity
(1)			Fuel burning equipment having a heat input less than 1,000,000 Btu (1.06 gigajoules) per hour;
(2)			Space heaters utilizing direct heat transfer and used solely for comfort heat;
(3)			Water cooling towers and water cooling ponds unless used for evaporative cooling of water from barometric jets or barometric condensers, or used in conjunction with an installation requiring a permit to operate;
(4)			Unheated VOC dispensing containers or unheated VOC rinsing containers of 60 gallons (227 liters) capacity or less;
(5)			Kilns used for firing ceramic ware, heated exclusively by natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, electricity, or any combination of these;
(6)			Die casting machines;
(7)			Photographic process equipment used to reproduce an image upon sensitized material through the use of radiant energy;
(8)			Equipment for drilling, carving, cutting, routing, turning, sawing, planing, spindle sanding, or disc sanding of wood or wood products;
(9)			Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment, and cutting torches related to manufacturing and construction activities that emit HAP metals and not directly related to plant maintenance, upkeep and repair or maintenance shop activities;
(10)			Equipment for washing or drying products fabricated from metal or glass;
(11)			Containers, reservoirs, or tanks used exclusively for electrolytic plating work, or electrolytic polishing, or electrolytic stripping of brass, bronze, cadmium, copper, iron, lead, nickel, tin, zinc, and precious metals;
(12)			Gaseous fuel- fired or electrically heated furnaces for heat treating glass or metals, the use of which does not involve molten materials;
(13)			Charbroilers and pit barbecues with a total cooking area of 5 square feet (0.46 square meter) or less;
(14)			First aid and emergency medical care provided at the facility, including related activities such as sterilization and medicine preparation used in support of a manufacturing or production process;
(15)			Firing and testing of military weapons and explosives;
(16)			Emissions resulting from the use of explosives for blasting at quarrying operations and from the required disposal of boxes used to ship the explosive;

#	'X'	No. Units	Emission Unit or Activity
(17)			Containers, reservoirs, or tanks used exclusively for: Dipping operations for applying coatings of natural or synthetic resins that contain no VOC; Dipping operations for coating objects with oils, waxes, or greases, and where no VOC is used; Storage of butane, propane, or liquefied petroleum, or natural gas; Storage of lubricating oils: constructed on or before July 23, 1984, or constructed after July 23, 1984, and having capacities less than 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters); Storage of lubricating oils, constructed after July 23, 1984, and having individual tank capacities of 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters) or greater; Unheated storage of VOC with an initial boiling point of 300 °F (149 °C) or greater: constructed on or before July 23, 1984, or constructed after July 23, 1984, and having capacities less than 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters); Unheated storage of VOC with an initial boiling point of 300 °F (149 >C) greater, constructed after July 23, 1984, and having Individual tank capacities of 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters) or greater; Storage of Numbers 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 fuel oil and aviation jet engine fuel constructed on or before July 23, 1984, or constructed after July 23, 1984, and having capacities less than 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters); Storage of Numbers 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 fuel oil and aviation jet engine fuel, constructed after July 23, 1984, and having capacities less than 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters); Storage of Numbers 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 fuel oil and aviation jet engine fuel, constructed after July 23, 1984, and having individual tank capacities of 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters) or greater; Storage of numbers 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 fuel oil and aviation jet engine fuel, constructed after July 23, 1984, and having individual tank capacities of 10,568 gallons (40 cubic meters) or less; The storage of voC normally used as solvents, diluents, thinners, inks, colorants, paints, lacquers, enamels, varnishes, liquid resins, or other surface coatings and having individual capaciti
(18)			Crucible furnaces, pot furnaces, or induction furnaces, with individual capacities of 1,000 pounds (454 kilograms) or less each, in which no sweating or distilling is conducted, or any fluxing is conducted using chloride, fluoride, or ammonium compounds, and from which only the following metals are poured or in which only the following metals are held in a molten state: • Aluminum or any alloy containing over 50 percent aluminum, if no gaseous chloride compounds, chlorine, aluminum chloride, or aluminum fluoride is used; • Magnesium or any alloy containing over 50 percent magnesium; • Lead or any alloy containing over 50 percent lead; • Tin or any alloy containing over 50 percent tin; • Zinc or any alloy containing over 50 percent zinc; • Copper; • Precious metals;

Item	"X"	No.	Emission Unit or Activity
(19)			Certain recreational equipment and activities, such as fireplaces, barbecue pits and cookers, fireworks displays, and kerosene fuel use;
(20)			Potable water treatment equipment, not including air stripping equipment;
(21)			Non-contact water (i.e., water that has not been in direct contact with process fluids) cooling towers except as regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act;
(22)			Comfort air conditioning subject to requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act;
(23)			Grain, metal, or mineral extrusion presses;
(24)			Breweries with an annual beer production less than 60,000 barrels;
(25)			Natural draft hoods or natural draft ventilators that exhaust air pollutants into the ambient air from manufacturing/industrial or commercial processes;
(26)			Laboratory fume hoods and vents;
(27)			Sheet- fed letter or lithographic printing press(es) with a cylinder width of less than 18 inches;
(28)			Any other emissions unit, not listed in this section (list and describe units):